### **MATHEMATICS**

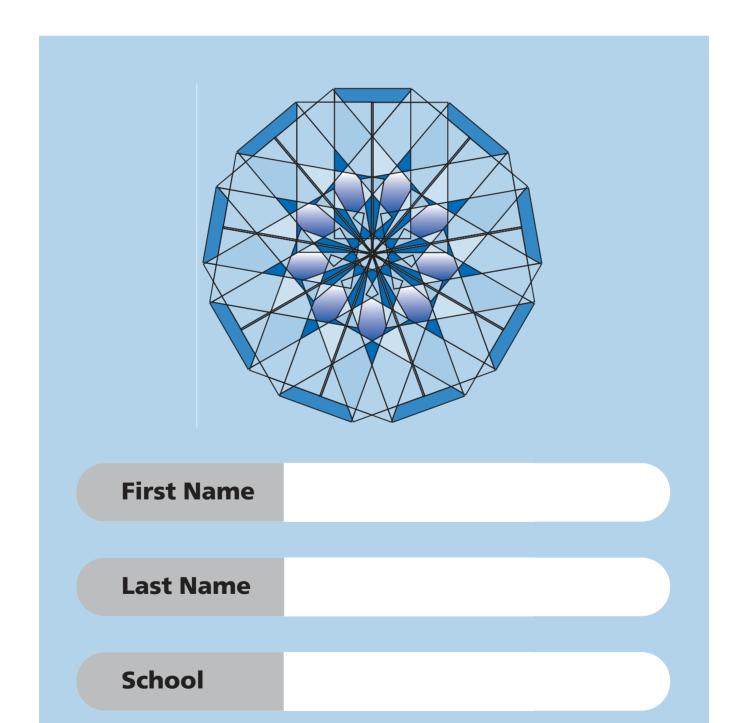
KEY STAGE 2 2002

TEST C

LEVEL 6

**CALCULATOR ALLOWED** 

PAGE	MARKS
5	
7	
9	
11	
13	
15	
TOTAL	



# Instructions

You may use a calculator to answer any questions in this test.

Work as quickly and as carefully as you can.

You have 30 minutes for this test.

If you cannot do one of the questions, go on to the next one.

You can come back to it later, if you have time.

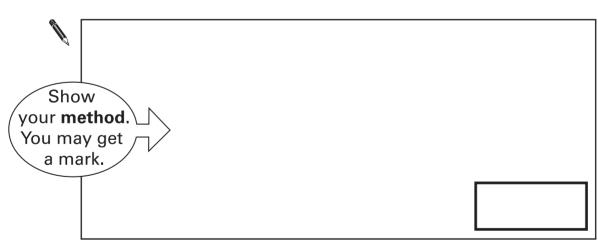
If you finish before the end, go back and check your work.

#### Follow the instructions for each question carefully.

This shows where you need to put the answer.

If you need to do working out, you can use any space on a page.

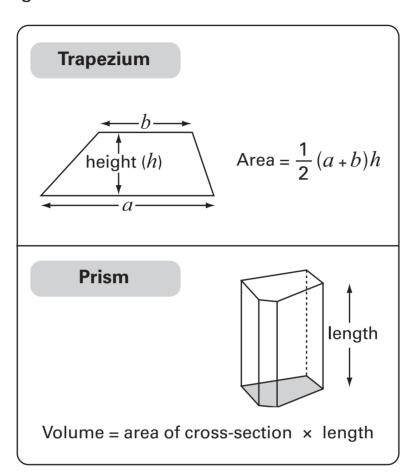
#### Some questions have an answer box like this:



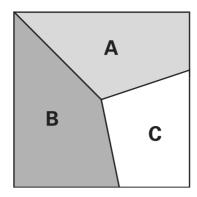
For these questions you may get a mark for showing your method.

## **Formulae**

You might need to use these formulae in this test.



This square is divided into three parts.



Part A is  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the area of the square.

Part **B** is  $\frac{2}{5}$  of the area of the square.

#### What fraction of the area of the square is part C?



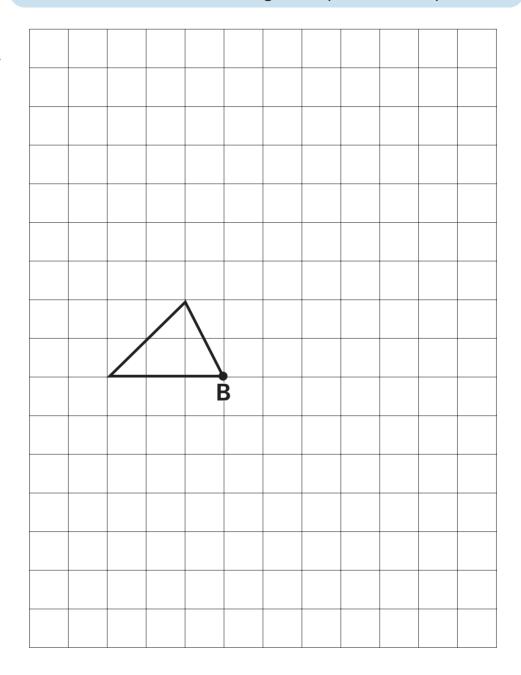
2 marks

2	Paulo makes a sequence of numbers.		
	He chooses a starting number and then subtracts equal amounts each time.		
	The <b>third number</b> in his sequence is <b>45</b>		
	The <b>tenth number</b> is <b>–32</b>		
	45		
	What is the <b>first</b> number in the sequence?		
Sho your me You ma	ethod. \_\_\ny get \\		
a ma	ark.	ا ا	
			2 marks
3	Two numbers are in the ratio 3:2		
	One of the numbers is <b>0.6</b>		
	There are two possible answers for the other number.		
	What are the two possible answers?		
		_	
		╛	2 marks

Here is a shape on a square grid.

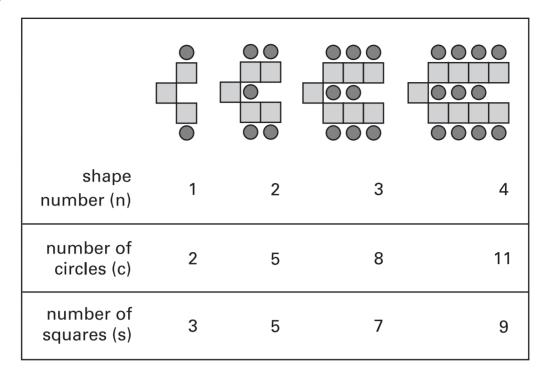
The shape is rotated **90° clockwise** about point B and enlarged by a **scale factor of 2** 

Use a ruler to draw the enlarged shape in its new position.





Here is a sequence of shapes made from squares and circles.

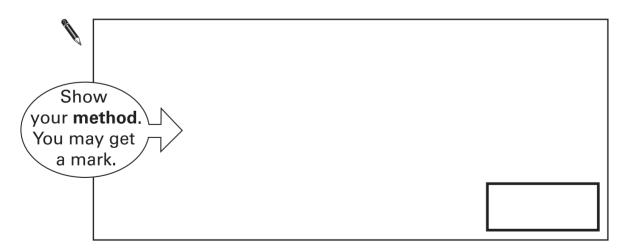


The sequence continues in the same way.

The formula for the **number of circles (c)** in **shape number (n)** is

$$c = 3n - 1$$

Use the formula to work out the **shape number** which has **104 circles**.



Write the formula for the **number of squares (s)** in **shape number (n)**.

7

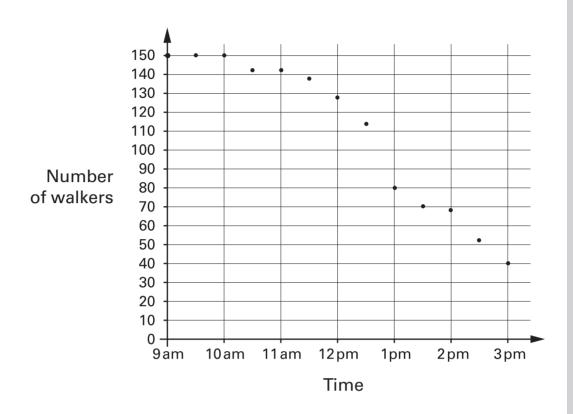
5a 2 marks

5h 1 mark

**Total** 

150 people take part in a walk.

This chart shows the number of people still walking at different times.



Use the chart to estimate the **time** when **two-thirds of the people** are still on the walk.



6a

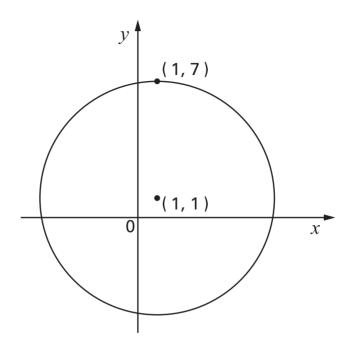
What **percentage** of the people who started are **still on the walk at 3 pm**?



6b 2 marks

Here is a circle with its centre at the point (1,1)

The point (1,7) is on the circumference of the circle.



For each of these points, put a tick  $(\checkmark)$  to show if it is **inside** the circle, **on** the circle or **outside** the circle.

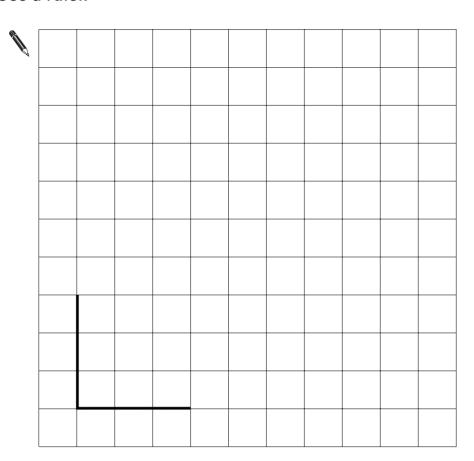
One has been done for you.

	inside the circle	on the circle	outside the circle
(3, 7)			<b>✓</b>
(7, 1)			
(1, –7)			
(-2, -2)			

7 2 marks

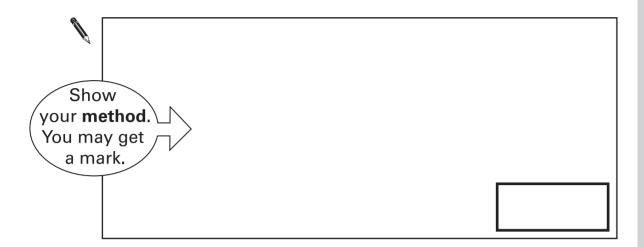
# Draw **two** more lines to make a **quadrilateral** with an area of **18cm**<sup>2</sup>

Use a ruler.



1 mark

$$33 - 8t = 15$$



2 marks

10

Circle the two decimals which are **closest in value** to each other.



0.9

0.09

0.99

0.1

0.01



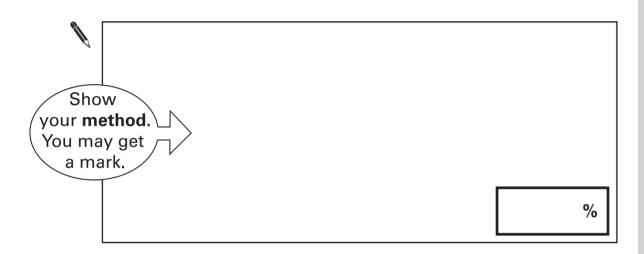




In Class 6, 80% of the children like crisps.

75% of the children who like crisps also like chocolate.

In Class 6, what percentage of the children like **both** crisps and chocolate?



11

2 marks

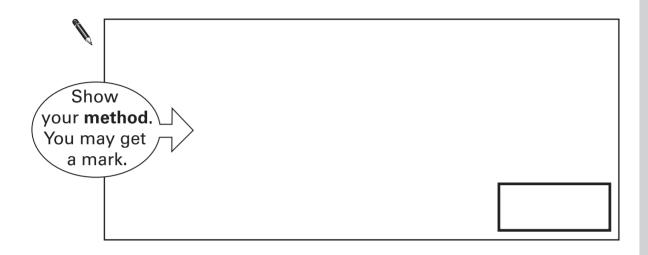
Lili and Julian each start with the same number.

Lili works out half of the number.

Julian works out three-quarters of the number.

The **sum** of their answers is **275** 

What was the number they started with?



	12
2 marks	

13

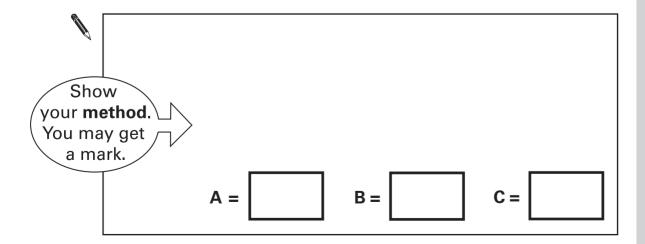
A, B and C stand for three different numbers.

The mean of A and B is 40

The mean of B and C is 35

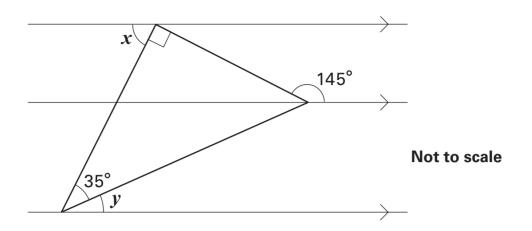
$$A + B + C = 100$$

Calculate the values of A, B and C.



13 2 marks

The diagram shows a right-angled triangle and three parallel lines.



#### Calculate the size of angle x and angle y

Do **not** use a protractor (angle measurer).



14a 1 mark

14b

1 mark



$$(w + 5) + (w - 7)$$

w + 12

-2

$$(w + 5) - (w + 7)$$

2w + 12

w - 2

2w - 2

15a

1 mark

1 mark

15b

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#### Order refs:

QCA/02/865 (pupil pack) QCA/02/858 (mark schemes pack)