

SCIENCE

KEY STAGE 2 2006

TEST B

LEVELS

3-5

PAGE	MARKS
5	
7	
9	
11	
13	
15	
17	
19	
TOTAL	
Borderline check	



TEST B

First Name

Last Name

School

INSTRUCTIONS

Read this carefully.

You have **45 minutes** for this test.

Answers



This pencil shows where you will need to put your answer.

For some questions you may need to draw an answer instead of writing one.

Some questions may have a box like this for you to write down your thoughts and ideas.

A large, empty rounded rectangular box intended for students to write their thoughts and ideas.

1

Bones

(a) A human skeleton is made up of bones.

Tick **ONE** box to show the main life process for which bones are important.



breathing

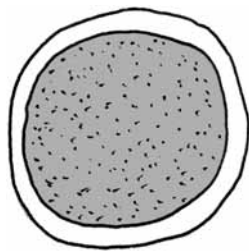
nutrition

movement

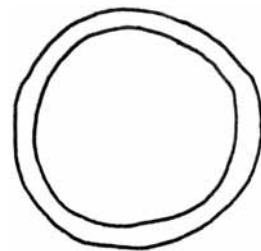
reproduction

1a
1 mark

(b) Birds also have a skeleton. The diagrams below show a human bone and a bird bone cut in half.



Human bone



Bird bone

The bird bone is hollow (filled with air) inside. This makes it easier for the bird to fly.

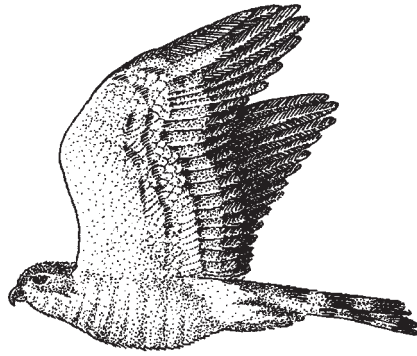
Why do hollow bones make it easier for birds to fly?

1b
1 mark



.....

- (c) This bird eats only meat.
Meat is all it needs for its
bones to stay strong.



If humans ate only meat, their bones would not stay strong.

Tick **ONE** box to show what is best for humans to eat to keep their bones strong.



all food
without fat

only fruit
and vegetables

any food that
tastes good

a balanced diet

 1c
1 mark

- (d) Describe a **different** way humans can keep their bones strong.



.....

 1d
1 mark

2

In the kitchen

(a) Layla collects different objects from the kitchen.



She looks at some of the properties of the materials these objects are made from.

Write a ✓ or ✗ in each empty box in the table to show the properties of the materials.



Material/Object	Flexible	Hard	Transparent
aluminium foil	✓	✗	✗
wax candle	✗	✗	✗
wooden rolling pin	✗	✓	✗
plastic food wrap			
glass			

2a
1 mark

(b) Aluminium foil is flexible.

Give **ONE** use of aluminium foil in the kitchen where it is important that the foil is flexible.

2b
1 mark



.....

(c) Layla knows some changes are reversible.

Tick **THREE** boxes to show which changes are reversible.



cooling water

cooking bread

boiling an egg

freezing water into ice

mixing vinegar with bicarbonate of soda

burning a candle

dissolving salt in water

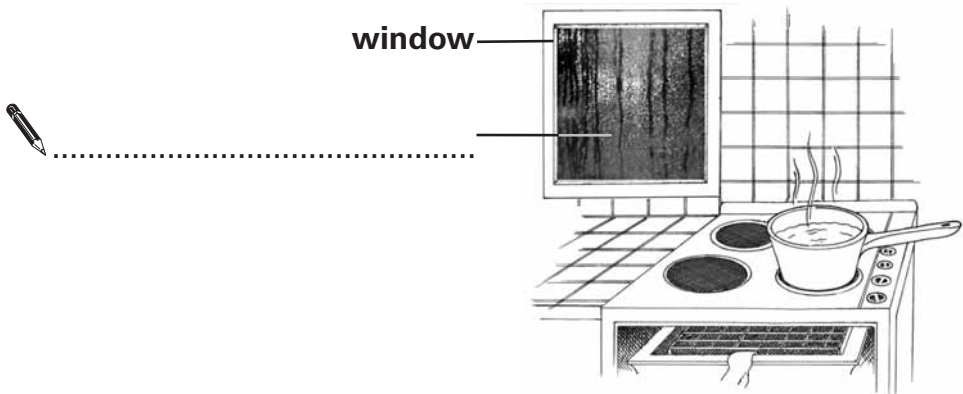
2ci
1 mark

2cii
1 mark

(d) Layla watches some water boiling near a window.
The picture shows what she can see on the window.

(i) Write the missing label for the picture below by choosing from the words in the box below.

water vapour condensation steam smoke



2di
1 mark

(ii) Why does the level of the water inside the saucepan go down if the water continues to boil?

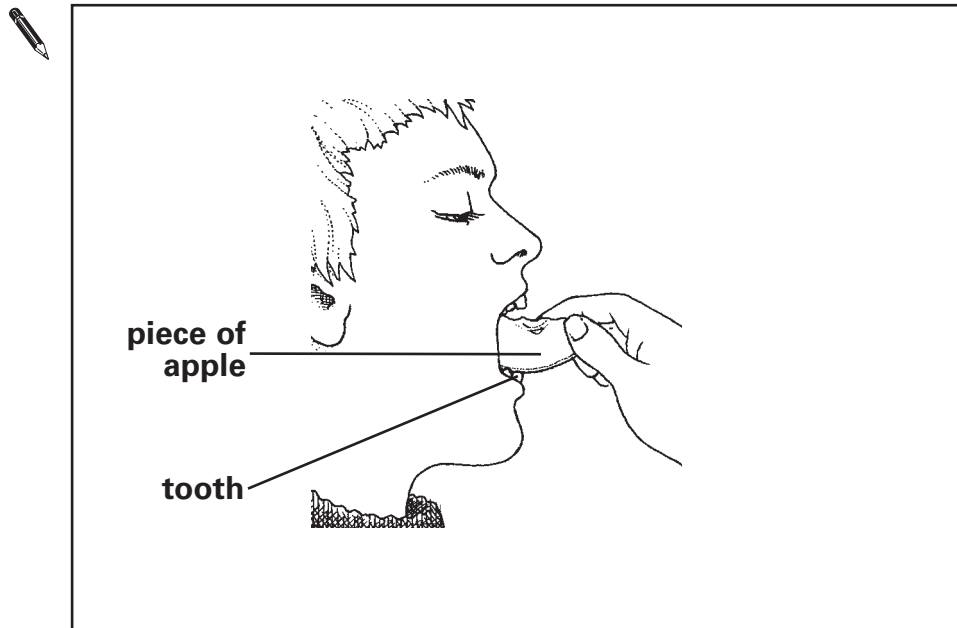
.....

2dii
1 mark

At the dentist

- (a) When Jon bites a piece of apple, there is a force from Jon's teeth on the apple.

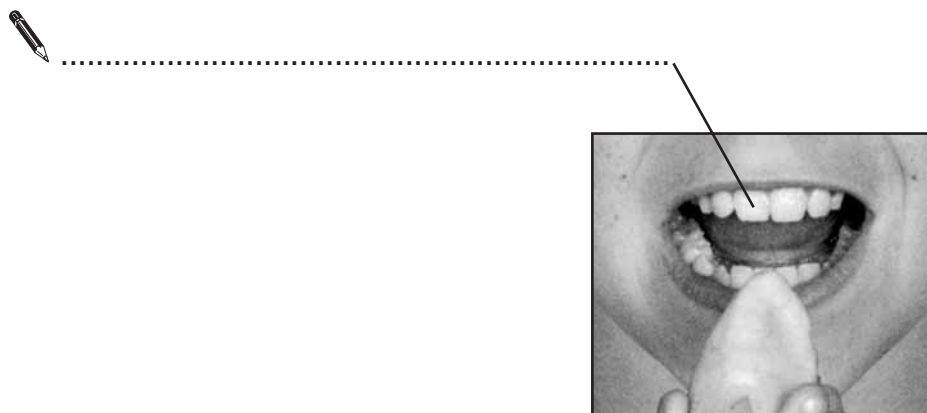
- (i) Draw **ONE** arrow on the picture below to show the direction of the force from Jon's **bottom** teeth when he bites the apple.



3ai
1 mark

- (ii) Label the main type of tooth Jon uses to bite the apple.

3aii
1 mark



(b) Jon visits the dentist regularly to help stop tooth decay.

Describe **ONE other** way Jon can help stop tooth decay.



.....

3b
1 mark

(c) Jon looks around the dentist's surgery.
He can see the following objects.

Tick **ONE** box to show which object light passes through best.



mirror

glass

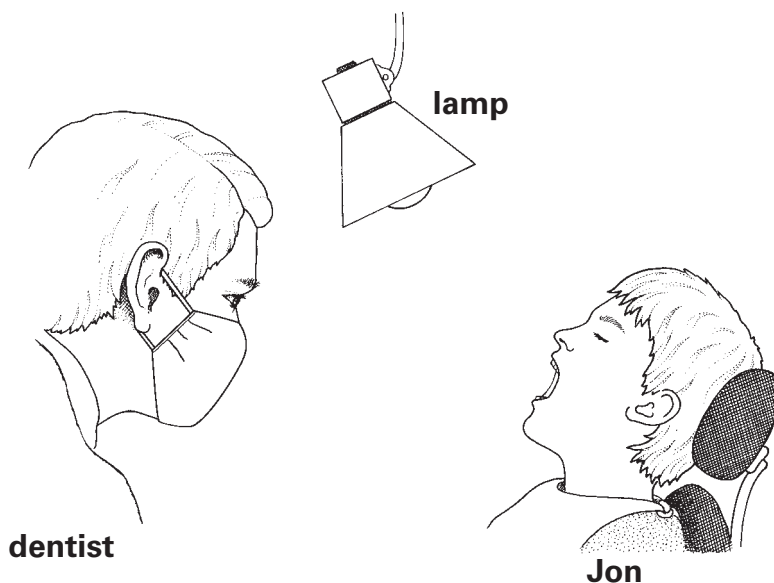
pencil

coat

3c
1 mark

(d) The dentist uses a lamp to see Jon's teeth clearly.

Draw **TWO** arrows on the diagram below to show the direction light travels for the dentist to see Jon's teeth.



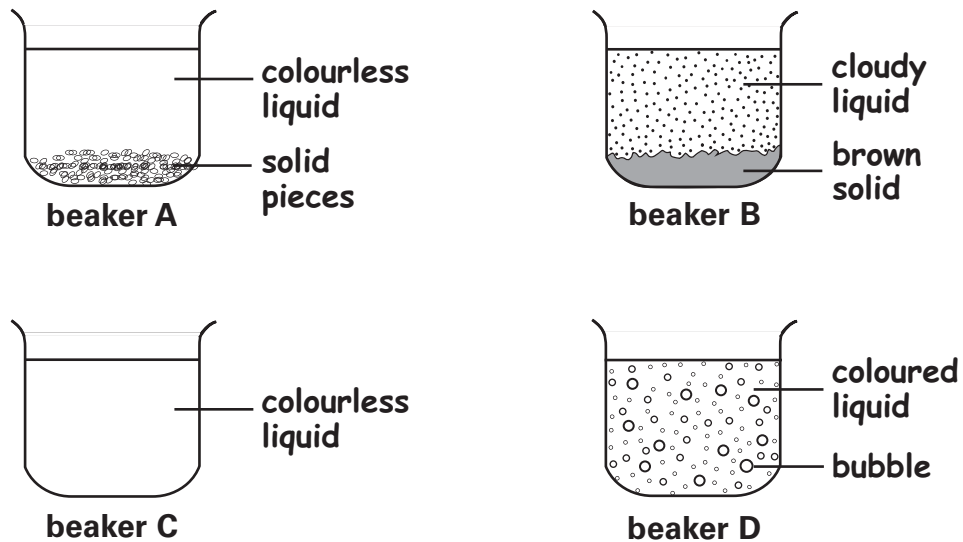
3di
1 mark

3dii
1 mark

Adding water

- (a) Safara wants to find out what happens when solids are mixed with water.

She adds water to four different solids and stirs the mixtures. After 20 minutes she draws pictures of her results.



The table below names the four solids that Safara mixed with water.

Which solid was in each beaker?

Write **A**, **B**, **C** or **D** to complete each row of the table.



Solid	Beaker
soil	
vitamin tablet	
plastic beads	
salt	

1 mark

(b) Explain what happened to the solid in beaker C.



.....

4b
1 mark

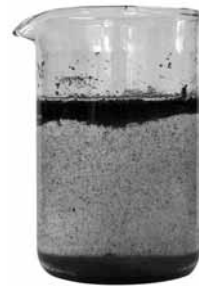
(c) In which beaker was there a non-reversible change?



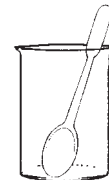
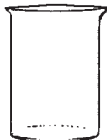
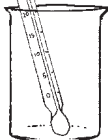
Beaker

4c
1 mark

(d) Safara wants to separate the soil from her mixture of soil and water.



Tick **ONE** box to show which equipment would be **best** for separating the soil from the water.



4d
1 mark

(e) Safara wants to separate the salt from her mixture of salt and water.

Describe how Safara could get solid salt back from the salt and water mixture.



.....

.....

4e
1 mark

- (a) Aysha has three different types of bean seed.
She wants to find out which bean seed germinates most quickly.



Aysha

To make my investigation fair I will use:

- the same type of soil
- watering cans of the same colour.

- (i) Does using the same type of soil for each bean seed help to make Aysha's test fair?

Tick **ONE** box.



yes

no

- (ii) Give a reason for your answer.



.....

.....

5a
1 mark

- (b) (i) Does using watering cans of the same colour for each bean seed help to make Aysha's test fair?

Tick **ONE** box.



yes

no

- (ii) Give a reason for your answer.



.....

5b

1 mark

- (c) The table shows some of the factors in Aysha's investigation.

Complete the table to show how Aysha should carry out her investigation. Tick **ONE** box in each row.



Factor	Factor to be changed	Factor to be kept the same	Result to be measured
the type of bean seed			
the time taken for the seed to germinate			
the place where the seeds are left			
the type of pot the seed is grown in			

5ci

1 mark

5cii

1 mark

- (d) Sarah thought it would be better if Aysha used more than one of each type of bean.

How could using more than one of each type of bean improve Aysha's investigation?



.....

.....

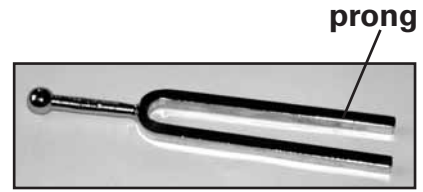
5d

1 mark

6

Tuning fork

- (a) Some children hit the prongs of a tuning fork on a desk. It makes a sound.



Tuning fork

What happens to the prongs so that the tuning fork makes a sound?

6a
1 mark



.....

- (b) What happens to the sound made by the tuning fork if they hit the prongs harder?

6b
1 mark



.....

- (c) When the tuning fork is **not** touching the desk, the sound is quiet. When it touches the desk, the sound becomes louder.

Tick **ONE** box next to each question to show what the sound travels through to reach the children's ears.

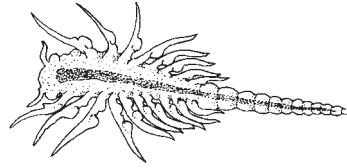


What does the sound travel through when...	desk	air	both
...the tuning fork is not touching the desk?			
...the tuning fork is touching the desk?			

6c
1 mark

Brine shrimps and flamingoes

- (a) A **brine shrimp** is a tiny living thing. It lives in lakes and eats **algae** (green plants).



Brine shrimp



Flamingoes eat brine shrimps. They filter the shrimps from the water. Look at the picture of the flamingo.

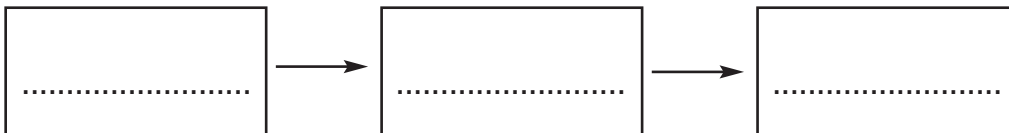
Describe one feature of the flamingo's neck that helps the flamingo to feed.



.....

7a
1 mark

- (b) Write the food chain for the three living things described above.



7b
1 mark

- (c) The lakes dry up in hot weather and fill up again when it rains. When the lake is dry the adult brine shrimps die, but the eggs do not.

Explain why it is important to the life cycle of brine shrimps that the eggs do **not** die when the lake dries up.



.....

.....

7c
1 mark

.....

Keeping drinks hot

Materials used to keep drinks hot are called insulators.

You are asked to plan your own investigation to compare different kinds of insulating materials used to keep drinks hot.

You can plan to use any equipment and as many different kinds of insulating materials as you need.



Write a short draft in the box of the question **YOU** plan to investigate.



Use your draft to help you answer the questions on the next page.

(a) What **ONE** factor will you plan to change as you carry out your investigation?



.....

.....

8a
1 mark

(b) Give **ONE** factor you will keep the same to make your test fair.



.....

.....

8b
1 mark

(c) What factor will you observe or measure to collect your results?



.....

.....

8c
1 mark

(d) Think of another investigation into 'keeping drinks hot'.

What factor will you change as you carry out your new investigation?



.....

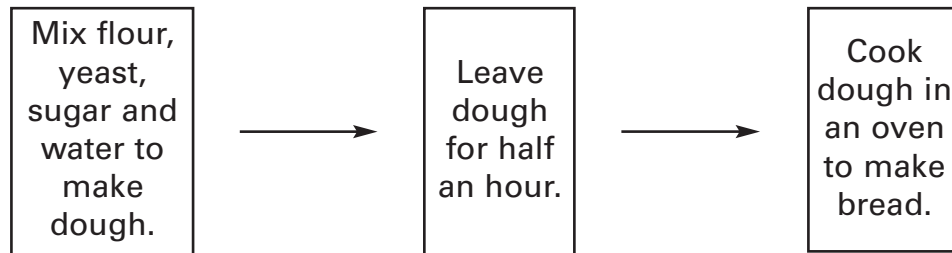
.....

8d
1 mark

.....

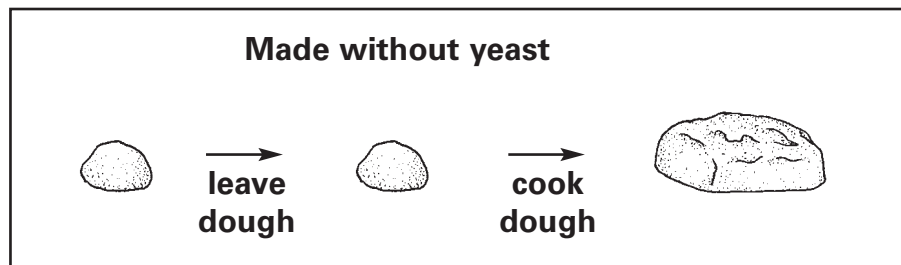
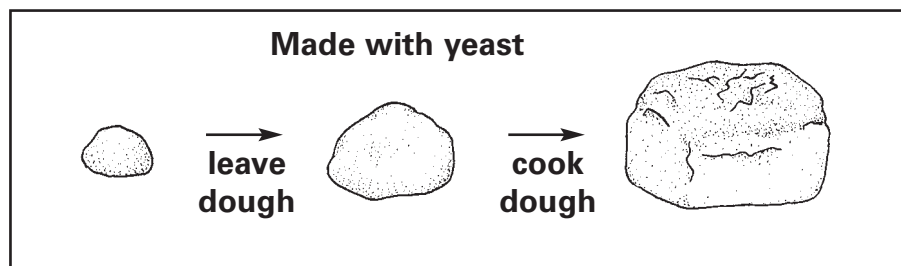
Making bread

(a) Dan is making bread. This is how he does it.



Dan wants to find out why yeast is used to make some types of bread. He carries out a test.

He makes one loaf of bread with yeast and one loaf without yeast.



Look at the pictures of Dan's test.

What is the effect of yeast in bread making?

9a
1 mark



.....

- (b) Dan wants to know if the water temperature makes a difference to the bread. He sets up a new test using two mixtures.

Which ingredients should go in each mixture to test if the temperature of the water makes a difference?

Tick as many boxes as you need.



Ingredients	Mixture 1	Mixture 2
flour	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
yeast	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
sugar	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
warm water	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
cold water	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

9b
1 mark

- (c) The yeast Dan uses is made up of lots of micro-organisms.

Write **true** or **false** next to each statement below about micro-organisms.



True or false?

Micro-organisms...

are very small.

cannot reproduce.

need nutrients.

can grow.

9ci
1 mark

9cii
1 mark

END OF TEST
Please check your answers

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